

Koreni in potence

Avtor: Rok Kralj, 3.a
Gimnazija Vič, 2008/09
<http://rok-kralj.net/si/datoteke/>

1. Definicija potence s celim eksponentom

$$\underbrace{a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot a \cdot \dots \cdot a}_n = a^n; a \in \mathbb{R}; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$a^0 = 1; a \neq 0$$

$$a^{-n} = \frac{1}{a^n}; a \in \mathbb{R}; a \neq 0; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

2. Definicija korena

$$x = \sqrt[n]{a} \Leftrightarrow x^n = a; a \in \mathbb{R}; a > 0; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

3. Definicija potence

$$a^{\frac{m}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a^m}; a > 0; m, n \in \mathbb{Z}; n \neq 0$$

4. Računanje s potencami

$$a^m \cdot a^n = a^{m+n}$$

$$(a^n)^m = a^{n \cdot m}$$

$$a^n : a^m = a^{n-m}$$

$$(a \cdot b)^n = a^n \cdot b^n$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^n = \frac{a^n}{b^n}$$

5. Računanje s koreni

$$\sqrt[n]{a} \cdot \sqrt[n]{b} = \sqrt[n]{a \cdot b}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[n]{a}}{\sqrt[n]{b}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{a}{b}}$$

$$(\sqrt[n]{a})^m = \sqrt[n]{a^m}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{\sqrt[m]{a}} = \sqrt[n \cdot m]{a}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{a^m} = \sqrt[n \cdot r]{a^{m \cdot r}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt[b]{\sqrt[d]{x^c}}\right)^a = x^{\frac{a \cdot c}{b \cdot d}} !$$